

Delivery in container

Delivery on slip-sheets

Delivery on slip sheets is the preferable way to deliver our goods to our warehouses in Wustermark and Stavenhagen.

When you deliver on slip-sheets we can easily place the goods on an EUR pallet in our warehouse.

Slip-sheet specifications









- **The slip-sheet must be stable enough to carry the goods** – For most products a slip-sheet made of coated carton can be used but for very heavy products (combined weight of goods on slip-sheet: 800 kg) a slip-sheet made of plastic must be used.
- **The slip-sheet must be stable enough to endure the transportation (and humidity), as well as being handled after the transportation.**
- **The slip-sheet must have a maximum dimension of 760 mm x 1170 mm.** This is to ensure, that when we unload a container or truck, each unit of goods will fit on an EUR-pallet.
- **The grip-edge of the slip-sheet, must be an additional 180 mm wide.** (the part where the mount, as shown below, grips and pulls the slip-sheet)



Packing slip-sheets

- **Each layer of slip-sheet may not exceed 1650 mm** (If the goods are larger than 1650 mm please make the slip-sheet fit the goods)
- **Heavy articles (12kg +) may not be placed higher than 1400 mm** – otherwise insert extra layer
- **Products must be kept inside the boundaries of the slip-sheet** – at the bottom as well as the top, so that no cartons exceeds the size of the slip-sheet / hangs outside the slip-sheet.
- **If possible the container must be loaded in two layers** – to optimize the filling of the container
- **Slip-sheets must be packed evenly** – so weight is distributed evenly across the slip-sheet both horizontally and vertically
- **The cartons on the slip-sheet should not collapse when removing foil**
- **All labels should be visible without splitting up the slip-sheet** if possible
- **If possible there must only be one product type per layer, and always different types must be clearly divided by cardboard.**

Using slip-sheets

<p>1. This is the empty slip-sheet. Please ensure that the chosen fabric and the dimensions fit the type of goods, you aim to pack on it.</p>	<p>2. The cases are placed on the slip-sheet like this. Two layers are needed when the height exceeds 1650 mm, or division is needed due to multiple different articles.</p>
	
<p>3. A perfect stacking of cases on a slip-sheet.</p>	<p>4. The corners of the slip-sheet are cut off, to ensure that two slip-sheets do not overlap.</p>
	
<p>5. Corner-protection must be added, only when the nature of the goods demands this.</p>	<p>6. The goods must be wrapped. Multiple loads must not be wrapped together, and foil must not get around the slip-sheets. Please remember to turn the adhesive side inwards, otherwise goods will stick together at arrival at our warehouse.</p>
	
<p>7. The edges must be folded either up or down, to ensure they will not be crushed by the next pallet .</p>	<p>8. The slip-sheet and the goods on it are now ready for loading.</p>
	

Loosely packed

If you cannot deliver our products on a slip-sheet, we prefer that you deliver the goods loosely packed in the container.

At our new warehouse in Aarslev we have installed boom-conveyors which we use when we empty loosely packed containers.

When we empty a container through this system the cartons will either go through a barcode scanner and directly into our high-bay storage area until we need to pack it, or it will be packed onto EUR pallets if the cartons are large. Hereafter it will go into the high-bay storage area until we need to pack it.



We empty loosely packed containers by using boom-conveyors.

Packing of a container

When the loose export cases are stacked in the container, it is important to do it carefully so that the goods will not tumble around during transportation.

Be sure not to place heavy articles (exceeding 12 kg) higher than 1400 mm. If you deliver heavy articles you should instead deliver on a slip-sheet or on a pallet.

Perfectly packed container



Example of how not to pack a container



If you intend to deliver a mix container comprising two or more articles, you should make sure to separate these articles from each other, and to make some kind of punctuation mark, which indicates where an article stops and a new one begins. This punctuation mark could for instance be a cardboard or something similar.