Learning Outcome Assessment Criteria Indicative Content



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1	Understand the FCA definition of a long term	1.1	Describe the FCA's definition of a long term care insurance	1.1.1	The definition of a long term care insurance contract and how it fits with existing contracts.
3 Questions	care insurance contract and the background to long term care provision in the UK.	existing contracts.	contract and how it fits with existing contracts.	1.1.2	The differences between pre-funded insurance and immediate needs plans, the availability of each, and how they fit with existing contracts.
	the ok.	1.2	Describe the socio-economic background to long term care.	1.2.1	The background to the current provision of long term care in the UK including informal, public, private and voluntary sector care.
				1.2.2	How care is delivered and the cost implications to the client, the local authority and the government.
2	Understand the different types of long term care that are available.	2.1	Describe the single assessment process	2.1.1	Single assessment process: -PurposeWho carries it outOutputs (care assessment, funding decisions and implications).
3		2.2	Describe the different types of	2.2.1	Residential care.
Questions			care and their associated levels of dependency.	2.2.2	Sheltered accommodation and supported living.
				2.2.3	Domiciliary care.
				2.2.4	Intermediate care and reablement.
				2.2.5	Respite care.
				2.2.6	Nursing care.
				2.2.7	Hospital care.
				2.2.8	Elderly Mentally Infirm (EMI) care.
				2.2.9	Non formal care.
				2.2.10	Personal health budgets.

CF8 ı	ong term care insura	ance	2025/2026		Chartered
	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Institute Standards Professionalism Trust
3	Understand the responsibilities of a health	3.1	Describe the responsibilities of local or regional health services	3.1.1	Statutory responsibilities and organisation at local level relevant to the provision and delivery of care.
4 Questions	authority in the provision of continuing care and any resulting funding		and the local authority in the provision of continuing care.	3.1.2	How Department of Health guidelines are updated, implemented and communicated.
	implications for the individual.			3.1.3	How an individual becomes eligible for continuing care and benefits from health care and/or social care.
					How funding levels for nursing care are determined.
		3.2		3.1.4	Assessment of need.
				3.1.5	Payment procedures.
				3.1.6	Understanding there are national variations.
			Describe the funding implication for individuals as a result of a local authority and local or regional health services' provision of continuing care.	3.2.1	How National Health Service (NHS) policy in respect of long term care related needs is implemented by the local Clinical Commissioning Groups and other front line deliverers.
				3.2.2	Discharge and delayed discharge from hospital, interaction between services.
4	Understand how current legislation affects the provision of advice on long	4.1	Describe how a local authority would assess an individual's need for long term care.	4.1.1	How a local authority would assess an individual's need for long term care, either domiciliary or residential.
4	term care insurance,	4.2	Describe the relevant legislation	4.2.1	Care Standards Act 2000 part 1: s3, s6 and s7.
Questions	particularly with reference to the responsibilities of a		and case law relating to the provision of long term care.	4.2.2	Mental Health Act 1983 s117 and Mental Health Act 2007 where relevant.
	local authority in enabling access to long term care			4.2.3	Care Act 2014.
	and procedures for care assessment.			4.2.4	Regulation of Care (Scotland) Act 2001 and Community care and Health (Scotland) Act 2002.
				4.2.5	Social Services and Well-Being (Wales) Act 2014.
				4.2.6	Health & Social Care (Amendment) Northern Ireland Act 2014.

4.2.7

The Human Rights Act 1998.

	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Insurance Institute Institute Standards Professionalism Trust
5	Understand how local	5.1	Describe how local authorities	5.1.1	Residential care.
5	authorities make financial	5.1	make financial care needs assessments for those requiring		
5	care needs assessments			5.1.2	Capital limits – lower and upper.
Questions	for those requiring long		long term care.	5.1.3	National variations.
Questions	term care and the role of		long term outer	5.1.4	Assessment of jointly-owned assets.
	social services.			5.1.5	Deprivation of assets – lifetime giving.
				5.1.6	Capital.
				5.1.7	Capital disregard.
				5.1.8	Pension assets.
				5.1.9	Notional capital.
					Beneficial ownership of capital.
				5.1.10	Income disregard.
				5.1.11	Use of trusts.
				5.1.12	Treatment of the family home (including third party ownership).
				5.1.13	Liability of relatives.
					Domiciliary care.
				5.1.14	Care and financial assessments.
				5.1.15	Differences in England, Scotland, Northern Ireland, Wales.
					Charging procedures.
				5.1.16	Differences in England, Scotland, Northern Ireland, Wales.
				5.1.17	Means testing.
6	Understand the	6.1	Describe the availability of	6.1.1	Other sources of assistance, including charities and informal care.
3	availability of alternative		alternative sources of assistance for the provision of long term care, and the possible limits on	6.1.2	How existing policies can support funding for long term care
Questions	sources of assistance				needs.
	relevant in the provision			6.1.3	The assistance that can be provided by health cash plans and
	of long term care and		their use.		private plans and private medical insurance.
	possible limitations on their use.			6.1.4	Limits of assistance.

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	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Standards. Professionalism Trust	
7	Understand the complexities and	7.1	Describe the complexities and implications of the relationship	7.1.1	How to identify from whom to take and receive instructions where the legal capacity of the client is in doubt.	
6 Questions	Questions relationship between the		between the adviser, the client and third parties when advising	How to define capacity under the Mental Capacity Act 2005 and why it is important within the context of providing financial advice.		
	adviser, the client and third parties when		on long term care insurance.	7.1.2	The five key principles.	
	advising on long term care			7.1.3	Best interest.	
	insurance.			7.1.4	Lasting Power of Attorney – financial, health and welfare issues.	
				7.1.5	Impacts on Enduring Power of Attorney.	
				7.1.6	Office of the Public Guardian.	
				7.1.7	Court Appointed Deputies.	
				7.1.8	Independent Mental Capacity Advocates.	
				7.1.9	Single orders in court.	
					The important features of substituted decision making.	
				7.1.10	Power of Attorney.	
				7.1.11	Lasting Power of Attorney.	
				7.1.12	The Court of Protection.	
					Office of the Public Guardian.	
				7.1.13	Receivership.	
				7.1.14	National variations.	
				The im	portance of client confidentiality and how that is maintained.	
				7.1.15	When the client's family is involved.	
				7.1.16	Potential conflicts.	
				7.1.17	Access to medical records.	
				7.1.18	Awareness of financial abuse and how to address situations where	
					it is suspected.	

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	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Standards. Professionalism Frust
8	Understand the taxation	8.1	Describe the taxation issues related to	8.1.1/8.2.1	Tax position on premiums.
3	issues related to long		long term care insurance plans.	8.1.2/8.2.2	Tax treatment of benefits (pre-funded plans).
Questions	term care insurance			8.1.3/8.2.3	Impact of payment of benefits on client's tax position.
	plans.			8.1.4/8.2.4	Payments to client to pay care.
				8.1.5/8.2.5	Payments direct to care provider.
				8.1.6/8.2.6	Tax position of immediate needs care plans.
		8.2	Assess the tax position in relation to		Inheritance tax mitigation.
			long term care and perform relevant	8.1.7/8.2.7	Lump-sum contracts.
			tax calculations.	8.1.8/8.2.8	The application of trusts.
				8.1.9/8.2.9	Court of Protection attitude to IHT planning.
				8.1.10/8.2.10	Impact of changes in a client's tax position.
9	Understand the legal considerations that need	9.1	Describe the legal considerations which must be addressed when	The legal cor	nsiderations which must be addressed when attempting pre and/or post death estate planning.
5	to be taken into account		providing long term care advice to an	9.1.1	Estate planning.
Questions	when giving long term		individual or their representatives.	9.1.2	Requirements and application of a valid will.
	care advice to an			9.1.3	Requirements and application of the laws of intestacy.
	individual or their representatives.			9.1.4	Deeds of variation.
				9.1.5	Application of a statutory will.
				9.1.6	Treatment and ownership of the family home.
				9.1.7	Addressing issues arising from the client's mental incapacity.
				9.1.8	Dealing with office holders responsible for safeguarding the
					interests of vulnerable or mentally disordered clients.
10	Understand eligibility to	10.1	Describe the eligibility criteria to claim	10.1.1	The identification of Activities of Daily Living (ADLs).
3 Questions	claim under a long term care insurance contract.		under a long term care insurance contract.	10.1.2	The typical provider variations that influence the application of ADLs.
				10.1.3	Identifying cognitive impairment.
				10.1.4	How ADL failure is assessed.
				10.1.5	The possible use of assistive devices in supporting an individual's long term care needs.
				10.1.6	The process involved in making a valid claim for payment under a long term care insurance contract.

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	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Institute Standards. Professionalism, irust		
11	Understand the different	11.1	Describe the different costs	The provision of long term care related services in the client's own home.			
4	costs associated with long		associated with long term care	11.1.1/11.2.1	Social services.		
Questions	term care provision and		provision and the factors that	11.1.2/11.2.2	The private sector (personal and nursing care) and how		
	the factors that create variations in them.		create variations in them.		home modification and/or the use of assistive devices		
	variations in them.			44 4 2/44 2 2	complements the care package.		
				11.1.3/11.2.3	Scope and formation of home improvement agencies.		
				11.1.4/11.2.4	Provision of long term care services in a residential setting.		
		11.2	1.2 Calculate different costs associated with long term care	11.1.5/11.2.5	How local authority funding levels are set and how they can		
					differ from region to region.		
			provision.	11.1.6/11.2.6	The consequences of "topping up" a local authority		
					contribution to care.		
				11.1.7/11.2.7	The variations in funding levels in England, Wales, Scotland		
					and Northern Ireland.		
				11.1.8/11.2.8	The factors which contribute to the setting of the market		
				44.4.0/44.2.0	rate for care in the private sector.		
				11.1.9/11.2.9	The provision of care services by the voluntary sector.		
				11.1.10/11.2.10	How costs impact on the availability of care, the levels of		
					care generally available and the importance of contracts involving the patient, the care provider, the local authority,		
					and the insurer.		
				11.1.11/11.2.11	How the cost of care over the long term impacts on an		
					individual and how funding strategies can address increasing		
					costs.		



Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Indicative Content
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	Learning Outcome				Standards. Professionalism. irrust			
12	Analyse the interaction between the eligibility for means-tested and non	12.1	Analyse the interaction between the eligibility for means-tested and non means-		The assessment and application process associated with the more significant State benefit and how they interact with the provision of care in providing support for an individual's needs.			
4	means-tested benefits in		tested benefits in the provision	12.1.1	Means-tested and non means-tested benefits.			
Questions	the provision of advice on		of advice on long term care	12.1.2	Pension Credit.			
,	long term care insurance.		insurance.	12.1.3	Employment and Support Allowance and the transition to			
					Universal Credit.			
				12.1.4	Carer's Allowance.			
				12.1.5	Attendance Allowance.			
				12.1.6	Personal Independence Payments and Disability Living Allowance.			
				12.1.7	State Pension.			
13	Assess the suitability of	13.1	Assess the suitability of	13.1.1/13.2.1	The features and use of pre-funded long term care insurance and			
	arrangements available to		arrangements available to		long term care bonds, both single and regular premiums.			
2	fund and maintain an		fund and maintain an	13.1.2/13.2.2	Immediate needs plans.			
Questions	individual's long term		individual's long term care	13.1.3/13.2.3	The features of lifetime mortgages and home reversion plans and			
	care needs and whether		needs.		most significance to the support of long term care needs.			
	the level of risk they			13.1.4/13.2.4	How convertible polices can support an individual's long term care			
	present to the client is				needs.			
	appropriate and			13.1.5/13.2.5	The pre-contract underwriting considerations which apply to pre-			
	acceptable.				funded long term care policies, immediate needs annuities,			
					healthcare annuities and convertible policies.			
		13.2	Assess the level of risk of long	13.1.6/13.2.6	The potential consequences of innocent and deliberate non			
			term care arrangements and		disclosure in the application process for a long term care contract.			
			their appropriateness for the	13.1.7/13.2.7	The relevance of mortality and morbidity experience when			
			individual.		considering long term care provision.			
				13.1.8/13.2.8	The testing for cognitive impairment and the relevance of the mini			
					mental state examination.			
				13.1.9/13.2.9	The options available to an individual if a policy review identifies a			
					shortfall in care benefits.			
				13.1.10/13.2.10	Investment planning with the older client and long term care			
					provision in mind.			
				13.1.11/13.2.11	The significant features and workings of deferred care plans.			

	Learning Outcome		Assessment Criteria		Indicative Content Institute Standards Professionalism Trust
14	Analyse situations that	14.1	Explain the most common	14.1.1	Change in the client's marital relationship status.
	might indicate to an		events which will generate the	14.1.2	Death of a partner.
1	adviser that a client's long		need for a review of long term	14.1.3	Change in identified long term care need.
Question	term care provision needs		care provision and the required actions post-review.	14.1.4	Partial claim involving minor ADL failure.
	to be reviewed and identify the consequences	a		14.1.5	Changes in the client's mental capacity.
	of that review.			14.1.6	Changes in legislation and local authority practice.
				14.1.7	A client's move to another country.
				14.1.8	Changes in taxation.
				14.1.9	Changes in investment conditions including the prevailing rate of inflation.